

SAFETY DATA SHEET Ketorolac Tromethamine Injection

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer Name And Address:

Heron(Shanghai) Pharmaceutical Science and Technology Co., Ltd.

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Product Name: Ketorolac Tromethamine Injection

Synonyms: Ketorolac trometamol; (±)-5-benzoyl-2, 3-dihydro-1H-pyrrolizine-1-carboxylic acid, compound with 2-amino-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol.

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview	Ketorolac Tromethamine Injection is a solution containing ketorolac tromethamine, a non- steroidal anti-inflammatory agent. Clinically, this product is used for the management of pain. In the workplace, ketorolac tromethamine should be considered a combustible liqui a potent drug, and potentially irritating to the eves and respiratory tract. Based on clinical	
	use, possible target organs include the gastrointestinal system, hematopoietic system, nervous system, cardiovascular system, liver, and kidneys.	

U.S. OSHA GHS Classification

Physical Hazards	Hazard Class	Hazard Category
	Flammable Liquid	3
Health Hazards	Hazard Class	Hazard Category
	Eye Damage / Irritation	2B
	Toxic to Reproduction	2
	STOT – RE	2

Warning

Label Element(s)

Pictogram

Signal Word

Hazard Statement(s)

Flammable liquid and vapor Causes eye irritation Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



	RD(S) IDENTIFICATION: continued
Precautionary State	ement(s)
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.– No smoking
	Keep container tightly closed
	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof equipment
	Use only non-sparking tools
	Take precautionary measures against static discharge
	Obtain special instructions before use
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Wear protective
	gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Do not breathe vapor or spray
	Wash hands thoroughly after handling
Response	Get medical attention if you feel unwell.
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical attention. IN CASE OF FIRE: For small fires, use water fog or fire extinguishing media suitable for Class B
	fires (e.g. dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam). For large fires, apply water from as far away as possible; use very large quantities of water applied as a mist or spray.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient Name	Ketorolac Tromethamine
Chemical Formula	C19H24N2O6

Component	Approximate Percent by Weight	CAS Number	RTECS Number
KetorolacTromethamine	≤ 3	74103-07-4	UY7759900
Ethyl Alcohol	10	64-17-5	KQ6300000

Non-hazardous ingredients include Water for Injection (~90). Hazardous ingredients present at less than 1% include sodium chloride; sodium hydroxide and/or hydrochloric acid are used to adjust the pH.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact	Remove from source of exposure. Flush with copious amounts of water. If irritation persists or signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.
Skin Contact	Remove from source of exposure. Flush with copious amounts of water. If irritation persists or signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.
Inhalation	Remove from source of exposure. If signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.
Ingestion	Remove from source of exposure. If signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.

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SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability	Flash Point: 43°C (109 ⁰ F)
Fire & Explosion Hazard	GHS Flammable Liquid – Category 3. Keep away from flames, sparks, or other sources of ignition. When heated, product may produce combustible vapors due to the alcohol content.
Extinguishing Media	As with any fire, use extinguishing media appropriate for primary cause of fire such as carbon dioxide, dry chemical extinguishing powder or foam.
Special Fire Fighting Procedures	No special provisions required beyond normal firefighting equipment such as flame and chemical resistant clothing and self contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Cleanup and Disposal:

Isolate area around spill. Remove potential sources of ignition. Put on suitable protective clothing and equipment as specified by site spill control procedures. Absorb the liquid with suitable material and clean affected area with soap and water. Dispose of spill materials according to the applicable federal, state, or local regulations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	No special handling required for hazard control under conditions of normal product use.
Storage	No special storage required for hazard control. For product protection, follow storage recommendations noted on the product case label, the primary container label, or the product insert.
Special Precautions	No special precautions required for hazard control.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

	Exposure Limits			
Component	OSHA-PEL	ACGIH-TLV	AIHA WEEL	Heron Pharma EEL
Ketorolac Tromethamine	8-hr TWA: Not	8-hr TWA: Not	8-hr TWA: Not	8-hr TWA: Not
	Established	Established	Established	Established
Ethyl Alcohol	8 hr TWA: 1000	8 hr TWA: 1000	8-hr TWA: Not	8-hr TWA: Not
	ppm; 1900 mg/m3	ppm	Established	Established

Notes: OSHA PEL: US Occupational Safety and Health Administration – Permissible Exposure Limit ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists – Threshold Limit Value. AIHA WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Level EEL: Employee Exposure Limit. TWA: 8-hour Time Weight Average

Respiratory Protection

Respiratory protection is normally not needed during intended product use. However, if the generation of aerosols or vapors is likely, and engineering controls are not considered adequate to control potential airborne exposures, the use of an approved air-purifying respirator with a HEPA cartridge (N95 or equivalent) with an organic vapor cartridge is recommended under conditions where airborne aerosol or vapor concentrations are not expected to be excessive. For uncontrolled release events, or if exposure levels are not known, provide respirators that offer a high protection factor such as a powered air purifying respirator or supplied air. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions require respirator use. Personnel who wear respirators should be fit tested and approved for respirator use as required.

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION: continued

Skin Protection	If skin contact with the product solution is likely, the use of latex or nitrile gloves is recommended.	
Eye Protection	Eye protection is normally not required during intended product use. However, if eye contact is likely to occur, the use of chemical safety goggles (as a minimum) is recommended.	

Engineering Controls Engineering controls are normally not needed during the normal use of this product.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical State	Clear to slightly yellow solution
Odor	NA
Odor Threshold	NA
рН	7.4 (6.9-7.9)
Melting point/Freezing Point	NA
Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Point Range	91°C at 760 mm Hg
Flash Point	43°C (109 ⁰ F)
Evaporation Rate	NA
Flammability (solid, gas)	NA
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits	LEL: 3.3% based on ethanol UEL:
	19% based on ethanol
Vapor Pressure	NA
Vapor Density (Air =1)	NA
Relative Density	NA
Solubility	Water, ethyl alcohol
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	NA
Auto-ignition Temperature	NA
Decomposition Temperature	NA
Viscosity	NA

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Not determined.
Chemical Stability	Stable under standard use and storage conditions.
Hazardous Reactions	Not determined
Conditions to Avoid	Not determined
Incompatibilities	Not determined
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Not determined. During thermal decomposition, it may be possible to generate irritating vapors and/or toxic fumes of carbon oxides (COx) and nitrogen oxides (NOx).
Hazardous Polymerization	Not anticipated to occur with this product.

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity - Not determined for the product formulation. Information for the ingredients is as follows:

Ingredient(s)	Percent	Test Type	Route of	Value	Units	Species
			Administration			
Ketorolac Tromethamine	100	LD50	Oral	189	mg/kg	Rat
Ketorolac Tromethamine	100	LD50	Oral	293	mg/kg	Mouse
KetorolacTromethamine	100	LD50	Intraperitoneal	225	mg/kg	Mouse
Ethyl Alcohol	100	LD50	Oral	3450 - 11,500	mg/kg	Guinea Pig, Rat,
						Mouse, Dog
Ethyl Alcohol	100	LC50 (10h)	Inhalation	20,000	ppm	Rat
Ethyl Alcohol	100	LC50 (4h)	Inhalation	39,000	mg/m3	Mouse

LD 50: Dosage that produces 50% mortality.

Product contains between approximately 1.5 to 3.0% ketorolac tromethamine.

Occupational Exposure Potential Information on the absorption of this product via inhalation or skin contact is not available. Published reports have indicated that ketorolac acid has some potential to be absorbed through intact skin. Avoid liquid aerosol generation and skin contact. Signs and Symptoms None anticipated from normal handling of this product. This material should be considered potentially irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract. In clinical use, adverse effects have included edema and hypertension, nausea, gastrointestinal pain, heartburn and headache. More severe side effects may include gastrointestinal ulceration. Exacerbation of existing renal ailments, leading to hematuria, proteinuria, polyuria, glomerular nephritis, interstitial nephritis, renal papillary necrosis, acute renal failure, and nephrotic syndrome may also occur. This drug affects platelet aggregation and clinical use has produced prolonged bleeding times and hemorrhages. Hypersensitivity reactions such as anaphylaxis, rash, bronchospasm, laryngeal edema, and hypotension have also occurred. Rarely, use of ketorolac can cause elevations in liver enzymes. Direct contact of this product with the eyes could result in eye irritation and stinging. **Aspiration Hazard** None anticipated from normal handling of this product. **Dermal Irritation/Corrosion** None anticipated from normal handling of this product. Skin contact with ethanol may produce mild irritation with redness and dryness. **Ocular Irritation/Corrosion** None anticipated from normal handling of this product. Inadvertent contact of this product with eyes may produce irritation. None anticipated from normal handling of this product. In clinical use, hyper- sensitivity **Dermal or Respiratory** Sensitization reactions such as anaphylaxis, rash, bronchospasm, laryngeal edema, and hypotension have been reported. **Reproductive Effects** None anticipated from normal handling of this product. In studies in rodents, impairment of fertility did not occur in male or female rats given oral dosages of 9 mg/kg and 16 mg/kg of ketorolac tromethamine, respectively. Reproduction studies were conducted during organogenesis using ketorolac tromethamine at daily oral dosages of 3.6 mg/kg in rabbits and 10 mg/kg in rats; no adverse developmental effects on the fetus were noted in these studies. Dosages of ketorolac tromethamine tablets at 1.5 mg/kg administered after gestation day 17, caused dystocia and higher pup mortality in rats. Ethanol has been shown to produce fetotoxicity in the embryo or fetus of laboratory animals. Chronic prenatal exposure to ethanol has been associated with a distinct pattern of congenital malformations that have collectively been termed the "fetal alcohol syndrome".

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: continued

Mutagenicity	and repair, and in forv chromosome breakag 1590 mcg/ml, ket	vard mutation assays. Kei je in the in vivo mouse mic	he Ames test, unscheduled DNA synthesis torolac tromethamine did not cause cronucleus assay. At concentrations eased the incidence of chromosomal	
Carcinogenicity	An 18-month oral-dose study in mice with ketorolac tromethamine at dosages of 2 mg/kg/day, and a 24-month oral-dose study in rats at dosages of 5 mg/kg/day, produced no evidence of tumorigenicity.			
Carcinogen Lists	IARC: Not listed	NTP: Not listed	OSHA: Not listed	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure	NA			
Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeat Exposure			clude the gastrointestinal system, ascular system, liver, and kidneys.	
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INF	ORMATION			
Aquatic Toxicity	Not determined for product. Information for ingredients is listed below: *LC50(96h) = 1480 mg/L in bluegill sunfish for ketorolac tromethamine LC50(24 hr) = 12,900 - 15,300 mg/L in rainbow trout for ethanol LC50 (24 hr) = 11,200 mg/L in fingerling trout for ethanol LC50(48 hr) = 9,268 - 14,221 mg/L in Daphnia magna for ethanol EC50 = 9310 mg/L in Chlorella pyrenoidosa (green algae) for ethanol			
Persistence/Biodegradability		•	egradable. 5% and 74% in five days in two	
Bioaccumulation	Not determined for pro- ethanol is not anticipate		stanol: water partition coefficient,	
Mobility in Soil	Not determined.			
*Roche MSDS Notes: 1. LC50: Concentration in water that	t produces 50% mortality in f	iek en Denknie		

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal	All waste materials must be properly characterized. Further, disposal should be performed in accordance with the federal, state or local regulatory requirements.
Container Handling and Disposal	Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORTAT						
ADR/ADG/ DOT STATUS	Not regulated					
Proper Shipping Name	NA					
Hazard Class	NA					
UN Number	NA					
Packing Group	NA					
Reportable Quantity	NA					
ICAO/IATA STATUS	Not regulated					
Proper Shipping Name	NA					
Hazard Class	NA					
UN Number	NA					
Packing Group		NA				
IMDG STATUS	Not regulated					
Proper Shipping Name	NA					
Hazard Class		NA				
UN Number	NA					
Packing Group	NA					
Notes:	DOT - US Department of Transportation Regulations					
Transport Comments:	DOT: 49 CFR, 173.150(e) excepts aqueous solutions of alcohol containing no more than 24% ethanol and more than 50% water. 173.150(f) excepts combustible liquids having a flash point					
	of 100 ⁰ F or higher in non-bulk packaging of 119 gallons or less which also meet no other hazard class. 173.150(g) excepts retail products containing less than 70% ethanol in 8 oz bottles or less. IATA: A58 excepts aqueous solutions of no more than 24% ethanol.					
SECTION 15: REGULATORY II	NFORMATION					
US TSCA Status	Exempt					
US CERCLA Status	Not listed					
US SARA 302 Status US	Not listed					
SARA 313 Status	Not listed					
US RCRA Status	Not listed					
US PROP 65 (Calif.)	Not listed					
				tal Response, Compensation, and Conservation and Recovery Act; Prop		
GHS/CLP Classification*		icts as defined in D		ain substances and mixtures, which are in the finished state,		
Hazard Class NA	Hazard Category NA	Pictogram NA	Signal Word NA	Hazard Statement NA		

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.– No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof equipment Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Do not breathe vapor or spray Wash hands thoroughly after handling

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION: continued

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture No data available Chemical safety assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Notes:

ACGIH TLV	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists – Threshold Limit Value
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service Number
CERCLA	US EPA law, Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
DOT	US Department of Transportation Regulations
EEL	Employee Exposure Limit
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
LD50	Dosage producing 50% mortality
NA	Not applicable/Not available
NE	Not established
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
OSHA PEL	US Occupational Safety and Health Administration – Permissible Exposure Limit
Prop 65	California Proposition 65
RCRA	US EPA, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
STEL	15-minute Short Term Exposure Limit
STOT - SE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure
STOT - RE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
TWA	8-hour Time Weighted Average

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION: continued

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